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| APPLICATION NO.         | FILING DATE     | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR     | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.    | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 09/469,586              | 12/22/1999      | STERLING MICHAEL PEARSON | 19433-0100             | 5130             |
| 7590 06/17/2004         |                 | EXAMINER                 |                        |                  |
| JOHN R HARRIS ESQ       |                 |                          | NALVEN, ANDREW L       |                  |
| JONES & ASK             | <del></del> ··· |                          | ART UNIT               | PAPER NUMBER     |
| 2400 MONARCH TOWER      |                 |                          |                        | PAPER NUMBER     |
| 3424 PEACHTREE ROAD N E |                 |                          | 2134                   | $\boldsymbol{c}$ |
| ATLANTA, G              | A 30326         |                          | DATE MAILED: 06/17/200 | <sub>4</sub> ð   |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|  |  | <b>\</b>  | 1724                      |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
|  | Application No.  | Applicant(s)  |                           |  |  |  |
| Office Astion Comments   | 09/469,586   | PEARSON, STEF   | PEARSON, STERLING MICHAEL |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner   | Art Unit  |                           |  |  |  |
|  | Andrew L Nalven  | 2134  |                           |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply  | n appears on the cover sheet wit   | th the correspondence ac  | ddress                    |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recon. The a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT statute, cause the application to become ABA | eply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered time  THS from the mailing date of this of  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |                           |  |  |  |
| Status   |  |   |                           |  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL.</li> <li>Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice unit</li> </ol>  | This action is non-final.  lowance except for formal matte   | •   | e merits is               |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |  |   |                           |  |  |  |
| 4) Claim(s) 41-70 is/are pending in the application Papers  4) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 41-70 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Exaleum The drawing(s) filed on 22 December 1999.  Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the content.  | hdrawn from consideration.  and/or election requirement.  miner.  is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□  o the drawing(s) be held in abeyand   | ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).   |                           |  |  |  |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.   |  |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |  |   |                           |  |  |  |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a  | ments have been received.<br>ments have been received in Ap<br>priority documents have been i<br>ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).   | oplication No<br>received in this National  | l Stage                   |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  | _  |   |                           |  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>  | 8) Paper No(s)   | ummary (PTO-413)<br>)/Mail Date<br>formal Patent Application (PT<br>_·  | O-152)                    |  |  |  |

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. Claims 41-70 are pending.
- 2. Amendment submitted 1 April 2004 has been received and considered.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 41-70 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 41-43, 45, 47-52, 54, 56-58, 61-62, 64-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Proctor et al US Patent No. 6,530,024 in view of Hamilton EPO Patent 0,793,170 and Conklin US Patent No. 5,991,881. Proctor discloses an adaptive feedback security system. Hamilton discloses a system for automatic configuration of home network computers. Conklin discloses a network surveillance system.

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6. With regards to claims 41, 47, 51, and 69-70, Proctor teaches that each communication device is operative to block a communication from passing to the corresponding computer network via the distributed network by terminating the communication based on the determination that a communication represents a security risk to at least one of the computers coupled to the network (Proctor, column 7 lines 5-10), the monitoring of the communication device by the remote monitoring center for issuance of an alert signal issued by the communication device in response to a determination that the communication represents a security risk to at least one of the computers coupled to the computer network (Proctor, column 12 lines 12-21), receiving the alert signal at the remote monitoring center (Proctor, column 12 lines 12-14), and assigning the alert signal an order and taking responsive action at the remote monitoring center based on the assigned order (Proctor, column 10 lines 28-32). Proctor fails to teach the sending, storing, and comparing of identification numbers and the subsequent configuration messages and the in-line configuration. Hamilton discloses the receiving at the remote monitoring center a first transmission comprising a first identification number and a network address associated with one of the plurality of communication devices monitored by the remote monitoring center (Hamilton, column 3 lines 1-3 and 12-14), storing the identification number and network address for the communication device in a database at the remote monitoring center (Hamilton, column 3 lines 12-14), receiving at the remote monitoring center a second identification number during a second transmission from the communication device (Hamilton, column 3 lines 4-8), comparing the second identification number with the first identification number at

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the remote monitoring center and in response to a match between the first and second identification numbers identifying a plurality of security policy options that are selectable by the communication device (Hamilton, column 7 lines 35-44, column 8 lines 8-14, Proctor column 6 lines 1-7), generating a configuration file with the remote monitoring center in response to a selection of at least one of the security policy options by the communication device where the configuration file governs the intrusion detection operation for the communication device (Hamilton, column 7 lines 35-44, column 8 lines 8-14, Proctor column 6 lines 1-7), and transmitting the configuration file from the remote monitoring center to configure the communication device (Hamilton, column 7 lines 35-44, column 8 lines 8-14). Conklin teaches the communication device positioned in-line with a computer network controlled by one of the customers and a distributed computer network that is not controlled by the customers (Conklin, Figure 6). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Hamilton's configuration method and Conklin's method of setting up the communication device in-line with Proctor's adaptive security system because it offers the advantage of providing a configuration process with reduced complexity but flexible enough to provide customized configurations to meet the particular requirements of each end user (Hamilton, column 1 lines 13-37) and providing the ability to detect intrusions by unauthorized individuals and subsequently track, record, and report on their activities (Conklin, column 1 lines 20-26).

7. With regards to claim 42, Proctor as modified teaches the step of storing the alert signal into another database connected to the remote monitoring center wherein the

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servicing of the protection requirements of a plurality of customers comprises monitoring each of the plurality of communication devices for generation of the alert signal (Proctor, column 6 lines 41-43, column 10 lines 28-32, Figure 8, column 6 line 53 – column 7 line 15).

- 8. With regards to claims 43, 52 and 58, Proctor as modified teaches the receiving at the remote monitoring center status information from one of the communication devices (Proctor, column 6 lines 41-43), recording the status information in the database (Proctor, column 6 lines 41-43, 49-52), and determining whether the communication device meets a plurality of operational requirements based upon the status information (Proctor, column 6 line 66 column 7 line 14).
- 9. With regards to claims 45, 54 and 57, Proctor as modified teaches the receiving at the remote monitoring center status information from one of the communication devices (Proctor, column 6, line 66 column 7, line 14), determining whether the communication device requires a software patch based upon the status information (Proctor, column 6, line 66 column 7, line 14), and transmitting the software patch to the communication device in response to determining the communication device requires the software patch (Hamilton, column 3, lines 32-36).
- 10. With regards to claim 48, Proctor as modified teaches the assigning of a priority to the alert signal upon receipt of the alert signal at the remote monitoring center and the forwarding of the alert signal to the remote agent according to the assigned priority ((Proctor, column 10, lines 28-32, column 14, lines 46-57).

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- 11. With regards to claim 49, Proctor as modified teaches the receiving of an alert signal with the remote agent (Proctor, column 10 lines 37-39), determining appropriate resolution to address the alert signal (Proctor, column 11 lines 49-53, column 6 line 66 column 7 line 14), and sending a message comprising the resolution to a particular one of the customers associated with the communication device that issued the alert signal (Proctor, column 12 lines 12-21, column 10 lines 37-39).
- 12. With regards to claim 50, Proctor as modified teaches that prior to displaying security policy options a wake-up signal is received from one of the communication devices at the remote monitoring center (Hamilton, column 2 lines 56-58, column 3 lines 1-3) and in response to the wake-up a configuration file is transmitted from the remote monitoring center to the communication device (Hamilton, column 3 lines 1-3).
- 13. With regards to claims 56, 65 and 67, Proctor as modified teaches all that is described above, and further teaches the determining of a network address for a communication device positioned in-line between a distributed computer network and a computer network (Conklin, Figure 6), the communication device operable to provide protection from an attack communication carried by the distributed computer network and intended for transmission to a computer coupled to the computer network (Proctor, column 12 lines 12-21), transmitting from the communication device a wake-up signal comprising the network address via an encrypted communication channel to a remote computer (Hamilton, column 2 lines 56-58, column 3 lines 1-3, Conklin column 6, lines 15-19), receiving from the remote computer configuration information for the communication device with the configuration information including a security policy that

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instructs the communication device to block the attack communication in response to a determination by the communication device that the attack poses a security risk (Hamilton, column 7 lines 35-44, column 8 lines 8-14, Proctor column 6 lines 1-7, column 12 lines 32-41).

- 14. With regards to claims 61 and 68, Proctor as modified teaches all that described above, and further teaches a remote monitoring center operated on behalf of the entities by a service provider (Proctor, column 5 lines 51-53) and the remote monitoring center coupled to the distributed computer network remotely located from the each of the computer networks (Proctor, Figure 1).
- 15. With regards to claims 62 and 66, Proctor as modified teaches all that described above, and further teaches remote agent personnel for evaluating the alert signal (Conklin, column 7 lines 5-7, Proctor column 7 lines 36-41, column 12 lines 12-31).
- 16. With regards to claim 64, Proctor as modified teaches the agent personnel recommending responsive action to take in reply to an alert signal where the recommendation is issued by way of a web server, email, telephone, or pager (Proctor, column 14 lines 56-60).
- 17. Claims 44, 53 and 59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Proctor et al US Patent No. 6,530,024, Hamilton EPO Patent 0,793,170, and Conklin US Patent No. 5,991,881 as applied to claim 41 above, and further in view of Frailong et al US Patent No. 6,012,100.

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18. With regards to claims 44, 53 and 59, Proctor as modified fails to teach diagnostic variables being used to ensure proper operation of the communication device. Frailong discloses the sending of diagnostic variables and the determination if a system is functioning properly based on those variables (column 11, lines 1-7). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Frailong's diagnostic system with Proctor as modified because action can then be taken to remedy the problem without user intervention (column 11, lines 4-7).

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- 19. Claims 46, 55 and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Proctor et al US Patent No. 6,530,024, Hamilton EPO Patent 0,793,170, and Conklin US Patent No. 5,991,881 as applied to claim 41 above, and further in view of Fiske US Patent No. 6,324,692 and Gleichauf US Patent No. 6,301,668.
- 20. With regards to claims 46, 55 and 60, Proctor as modified fails to teach the use of a configuration complete signal and subsequent vulnerability analysis. Fiske teaches a complete signal that indicates that an upgrade has occurred successfully (Fiske, column 5, lines 15-27). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize a complete signal with Proctor as modified because once the signal is received control or operation may be returned to the communications device (Fiske, column 5, lines 27-29). Gleichauf teaches a system to perform a vulnerability analysis on a communications device (Gleichauf, column 7, lines 41-59) and the evaluation of the results of the vulnerability analysis (Gleichauf,

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column 7, lines 21-25). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Gleichauf's vulnerability analysis system with Proctor as modified because it allows the identification and confirmation of network vulnerabilities before an attack (Gleichauf, column 5 line 62 – column 6 line 4).

- 21. Claim 63 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Proctor et al US Patent No. 6,530,024, Hamilton EPO Patent 0,793,170, and Conklin US Patent No. 5,991,881 as applied to claim 62 above, and further in view of Weber et al US Patent No. 6,289,201.
- 22. With regards to claim 63, Proctor as modified fails to teach the agent personnel under control of the service provider while the communication devices are under control of the entities subscribing to the network. Weber teaches the agent personnel under control of the service provider while the communication devices are under control of the entities subscribing to the network (Weber, column 5 lines 14-22, Figure 3, column 6 lines 22-29). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Weber's control layout with Proctor as modified because it offers the advantage of allowing independent network operators to incorporate existing or new services into their equipment for operation (Weber, column 1 lines 52-63).

### Conclusion

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23. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

24. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew L Nalven whose telephone number is 703 305 8407. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 8-6, Alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory Morse can be reached on 703 308 4789. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Andrew Nalven

MATTHEW SMITHERS
PRIMARY EXAMINER
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